Engineering Maths in Action: FM 103 Quiz-1 for section-L2

Total time: 30 mins November 02, 2023

Full Name: _____

UID: _____

Instructions: You must **not** be in possession of any cheat sheet, notes, or electronic devices like laptops or calculators inside the examination hall. Answer **all five multiple-choice questions (MCQs)**. The score allotted to each question is **one**. There will be a penalty of **0.5 marks** for each wrong answer and a penalty of **0.25 marks** for each un-attempted question. **Maximum score is 5**. Tick against the correct option. Only one option is correct in every question.

- 1. Let T be a linear transformation which is a projection of the space \mathbb{R}^3 to the x-axis embedded in \mathbb{R}^3 . What are the eigenvalues of the matrix representation of T? $\sqrt{0.0,1} \bigcirc 0.1,1 \bigcirc 1.1,1, \bigcirc 0.0,0$
- 2. Find the matrix S such that the given matrix $M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ is diagonalizable $(D = S^{-1}MS)$, where D is

the diagonal matrix equivalent to matrix M.

$$\bigcirc S = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\bigcirc S = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\bigcirc S = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\checkmark \text{ there doesn't exist any } S.$$

3. Let V be the subspace of \mathbb{R}^3 spanned by $u = \{1, 1, 1\}$ and $v = \{1, 1, -1\}$. The orthonormal bases of V obtained by the Gram-Schmidt orthonormalization process are:

$$\bigcirc \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}\right) \right\} \\ \bigcirc \left\{ (1, 1, 0), (1, 0, 1) \right\} \\ \checkmark \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{-2}{\sqrt{6}}\right) \right\} \\ \bigcirc \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\right) \right\}$$

4. The set of linearly independent eigenvectors corresponding to the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$ is:

 $\bigcirc \{(i, 1), (1, i)\} \\ \checkmark \{(i, -1), (-i, -1)\} \\ \bigcirc \{(i, -1), (1, i)\} \\ \bigcirc \text{ None of these}$

Suppose the matrix
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha & \beta \\ \gamma & \delta \end{bmatrix}$$
 has an eigenvalue 1 with associated eigenvector $v = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$. Find $A^5 v$.
 \bigcirc Data is insufficient
 $\begin{bmatrix} \alpha^{50} & \beta^{50} \end{bmatrix}$

$$\bigcirc \begin{bmatrix} \alpha^{50} & \beta^{50} \\ \gamma^{50} & \delta^{50} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bigcirc \begin{bmatrix} 32 \\ 243 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\checkmark \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

5.